## **Digital Signal Processing**

## http://kom.aau.dk/~zt/cources/Digital\_signal\_processing/

## Exercises of Lecture 4 (MM4)

Exercise 4.1. Design a discrete-time filter that meets specifications

$$\begin{array}{ll} 0.87 \leq \mid H(e^{j\omega}) \mid \leq 1, & 0 \leq \mid \omega \mid \leq 0.25\pi, \\ \mid H(e^{j\omega}) \mid \leq 0.21, & 0.35\pi \leq \mid \omega \mid \leq \pi \end{array}$$

by using the impulse invariance method to a continuous-time Butterworth filter having magnitudesquared function

$$|H_c(j\Omega)|^2 = \frac{1}{1 + (\Omega/\Omega_c)^{2N}}$$

Determine the integer order N and the quantity  $\Omega_c$  such that the continuous-time Butterworth filter exactly meets the specifications. (Assume that Td=1)

Exercise 4.2. We wish to use the Kaiser window method to design a discrete-time filter with generalized linear phase that meets specifications of the following form:

$$|H(e^{j\omega})| \le 0.01, \qquad 0 \le |\omega| \le 0.25\pi$$
  
$$0.95 \le |H(e^{j\omega})| \le 1.05, \qquad 0.35\pi \le |\omega| \le 0.6\pi$$
  
$$|H(e^{j\omega})| \le 0.01, \qquad 0.65\pi \le |\omega| \le \pi$$

(a) Determine the minimum length (M+1) of the impulse response and the value of the Kaiser window parameter  $\beta$  for a filter that meets the preceding specifications.

(b) What is the delay of the filter?

(c) Determine the ideal impulse response  $h_d[n]$  to which the Kaiser window should be applied.

Exercise 4.3. We wish to design an FIR lowpass filter satisfying the specifications

$$\begin{array}{ll} 0.95 < H(e^{j\omega}) < 1.05, & 0 \le |\omega| \le 0.25\pi \\ -0.1 < H(e^{j\omega}) < 0.1, & 0.35\pi \le |\omega| \le \pi \end{array}$$

by applying a window w[n] to the impulse response  $h_d[n]$  for the ideal discrete-time lowpass filter with cutoff  $\omega_c = 0.3\pi$ . Which of the windows listed in Table 7.1 can be used to meet this specification?